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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/681,674	05/18/2001	Yoshifumi Natsuyama	JP920000096US1	3666		
877	7590 05/16/2003					
IBM CORPORATION, T.J. WATSON RESEARCH CENTER			EXAMINER			
	P.O. BOX 218 YORKTOWN HEIGHTS, NY 10598			RUDE, TIMOTHY L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
		2871	·			

DATE MAILED: 05/16/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					Do
		Appli	cation No.	Applicant(s)	
•		09/68	31,674	NATSUYAMA, YO	SHIFUMI
Office Action Summary		Exam	iner	Art Unit	
		Timot	hy L Rude	2871	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	ınication appears or	the cover sheet	with the correspondence ac	idress
THE I - External form of the control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI nsions of time may be available under the provisio SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this corperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum or to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In r mmunication. (30) days, a reply within the statutory period will apply a ply will, by statute, cause the s after the mailing date of the	no event, however, may a e statutory minimum of th and will expire SIX (6) MC e application to become a	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered time DNTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).	
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>05 May 20</u> 6	<u>03</u> .		
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL.	_	on is non-final.		
3)□	Since this application is in conditi				ne merits is
Dispositi	closed in accordance with the praion of Claims	actice under Ex part	te Quayle, 1935 C	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-15 is/are pend	ing in the application	on.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-3 and	<u>9-15</u> is/are withdraw	vn from considera	ation.	
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6) 🏻	Claim(s) 4-7 is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
•	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or election	on requirement.		
Applicati	ion Papers				
9)[The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/ard	e: a)□ accepted or b	ɔ)☐ objected to by	the Examiner.	
_	Applicant may not request that any c				
11) 🔲	The proposed drawing correction file			disapproved by the Examir	ner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are				
	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner	•		
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		•		
•	Acknowledgment is made of a clai	- •	y under 35 U.S.C	c. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of	:			
	1. Certified copies of the priorit	ty documents have	been received.		
	2. Certified copies of the priorit	ty documents have	been received in	Application No	
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copie application from the Inte See the attached detailed Office act	rnational Bureau (P	PCT Rule 17.2(a))).	Stage
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim		•		l application).
a) The translation of the foreign lacknowledgment is made of a claim	anguage provisiona	al application has	been received.	
Attachmen	-	2030 p.11071	,	00	
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)			w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No of Informal Patent Application (PT	
•	rademark Office		-, <u> </u>		

DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election of Group 2 (claims 4-8) in Paper No. 6 is acknowledged.

Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claim Objections

3. Claim 7 is objected to because of the following informalities: The recitation "said conductive anchor pins" lacks antecedent basis. Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 09/681,674 Page 3

Art Unit: 2871

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

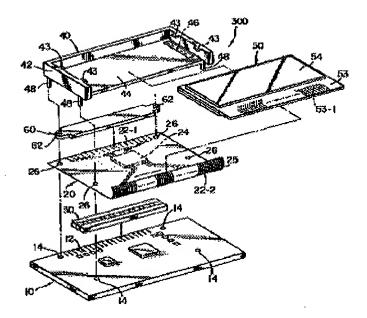
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muramatsu USPAT 6,191,838 B1 in view of Glaser et al (Glaser) USPAT 4,550,039.

As to claim 4, Muramatsu discloses in his third embodiment, Figures 11 and 12, (col. 10 line 66 through col. 13, line 6) a liquid crystal display device, 50, comprising: a pair of glass substrates facing each other, each having electrodes for applying voltage to a liquid crystal material on a facing surface (typical); a circuit board, 10, for supplying said voltage; and a liquid crystal driver tape carrier package, 20, (col. 11, lines 7-9 and col. 7, lines 1-3) for connecting said electrodes of said glass substrates to said circuit board and mounting a liquid crystal driver chip (col. 11, lines 7-9 and col. 7, lines 4-13), wherein said liquid crystal driver tape carrier package and said circuit board anchor holes, 26 and 14, and anchor pins, 48, are inserted into said anchor holes, whereby said liquid crystal tape carrier package is fixed to said circuit board (col. 11, lines 45-48).

Application/Control Number: 09/681,674

Art Unit: 2871

Figure 11



Muramatsu does not explicitly disclose a display wherein said liquid crystal driver tape carrier package is soldered to said circuit board via said pins.

Glaser teaches the use of soldering conductive pins (col. 3, lines 44-49 and col. 3, line 67 through col. 4, line 11) to make electrical connections with more efficient routing of lead wires (col. 1, line 67 through col. 2, line 5), provide a more rigid mount, and reduce the cost of manufacturing.

Glaser is evidence that ordinary workers in the art of liquid crystals would find the reason, suggestion, or motivation to use soldering of conductive pins to make electrical connections with more efficient routing of lead wires, provide a more rigid mount, and reduce the cost of manufacturing.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of liquid crystals at the time the invention was made to modify the LCD of Muramatsu with

Application/Control Number: 09/681,674

Art Unit: 2871

the soldering of conductive pins of Glaser to make electrical connections with more efficient routing of lead wires, provide a more rigid mount, and reduce the cost of manufacturing.

Page 5

As to claim 5, Muramatsu discloses the liquid crystal display device further comprising a light guide, 44 (Applicant's frame), for allowing said anchor pins to stand on a surface holding said pair of glass substrates, wherein said liquid crystal driver tape carrier package and said circuit board are fixed to said frame.

As to claim 6, Muramatsu discloses the liquid crystal display device wherein a pair of said anchor holes, 26, is located with said liquid crystal driver chip, 24, between (diagonally per Figure 11).

5. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muramatsu in view of Glaser, as applied to claims 4 and 5 above, and further in view of Yamagishi et al (Yamagishi) USPAT 5,771,158.

As to claim 7, Muramatsu in view of Glaser discloses the liquid crystal display device according to claim 5.

Application/Control Number: 09/681,674 Page 6

Art Unit: 2871

Muramatsu in view of Glaser does not explicitly disclose a grounding conductor formed on said frame, and said conductive anchor pins are conductively connected to said grounding conductor.

Yamagishi teaches the use of a ground plane to reduce radiation emissions and avoid harmful interference with other electric appliances (col. 4, lines 44-65 and col. 3, lines 30-40).

Yamagishi is evidence that ordinary workers in the art of liquid crystals would find the reason, suggestion, or motivation to add a ground plane to reduce radiation emissions and avoid harmful interference with other electric appliances.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of liquid crystals at the time the invention was made to modify the LCD of Muramatsu in view of Glaser with the ground plane of Yamagishi to reduce radiation emissions and avoid harmful interference with other electric appliances.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed on 18 March 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's ONLY arguments are as follows:

- (1) Rejection of claims 4-6 under 35 USC 102(e) is improper.
- (2) Claim 4 was amended to include the limitations of canceled claim 8, so no new matter was presented.

Art Unit: 2871

Examiner's responses to Applicant's ONLY arguments are as follows:

(1) Applicant's argument is persuasive. It is respectfully pointed out that rejection of claims 4-6 was intended under 35 USC 103(a). Updating the heading from 35 USC 102(e) of the First Office Action to 35 USC 103(a) was overlooked.

(2) It is respectfully pointed out that the incorporation of the limitations of claim 8 into claim 4 necessitated the new grounds of rejection for claim 4 above, regardless of whether no new matter was presented.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 09/681,674 Page 8

Art Unit: 2871

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy L Rude whose telephone number is (703) 305-0418. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert H Kim can be reached on (703) 305-3492. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4900.

Timothy L Rude Examiner Art Unit 2871

TLR May 14, 2003

> ROBERT H. KIM SUPERVISORY PATENT SYMMINER TECHNOLOGY OF THE STANDINGS